**FORUM:** HRC (Human Rights Council)

**QUESTION OF:** Corporal punishment in schools

**SUBMITTED BY:** The Islamic Republic of Pakistan

**CO-SUBMITTED BY:**

THE HUMAN RIGHTS COUNCIL,

Recalling important conventions such as the Convention of the Rights of the Child; especially Article 19.1, Article 28.2 and Article 37,

Further recalling the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment,

Reaffirming important resolutions on this topic such as Resolution 8/8 of the Human Rights Council on the topic of Torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment,

Expressing it’s appreciation on the effort that the Global Initiative to End All Corporal Punishment of Children (GIEACPC); the United Nations International Children’s Emergency Fund (UNICEF); the United Nations Educational, Scientifical and Cultural Organization (UNESCO) and other human rights institutions take to stop the corporal punishment in schools,

Recognizes the important role of the Committee Against Torture (CAT) on this topic,

Further recognizing the harmful effects corporal punishments can have on children,

Encouraging institutions like the GIEACPC, the UNICEF and UNESCO to proceed the campaigning against corporal punishment,

Fully aware that a solution to the question on how to end corporal punishment needs to be made quickly in order to prevent more children from being harmed,

1. Encourages all member-states to implement laws forbidding any violent acts against children under the age of 18 inflicted by both government or other institutions;
2. Urges all countries to ratify the Convention of the Rights of the Child,
3. Stresses the importance of reintegrating and guiding people, having both physical and mental disorders as a result from any form of corporal punishment,
4. Authorizing the foundation of the United Nations Safe Education Organization (UNSEO) with as main tasks including without limitation:
5. Assure a safe environment for both children and adults where they can get education through measures such as, but not limited to:
6. Re-educate teachers on alternative disciplinary measures;
7. Provide helpful information to governments concerning their status on corporal punishment,
8. Monitor if the resolution as stated is functioning properly in reality by;
9. Actively deploying UN-researchers in areas of high risk;
10. Cooperating closely with Committee Against Torture,
11. Encourages other UN sub-organs, relevant to this issue, such as, but not limited to the Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights, the Committee Against Torture and the United Nations International Children’s emergency fund to support the UNSEO by all means necessary,
12. Asks the Security Council to consider taking appropriate measures when a United Nations member-state acts in violation of the resolution, including without limiting the generality of the foregoing:
13. Economic sanctions;
14. Embargoes;
15. Diplomatic restrictions,